No. 3.

RULE FOR COMPUTING THE OVERPROOF ON SPIRITS IN BOTTLE.

REDUCE the gallons and gills into gills; multiply by the strength per cent.; set off the decimal point, and divide by 100.

EXAMPLE

J.W.	Case. No. 1.	Bottles.			8.5
n B				*10.200	$ \begin{array}{c} = 10 \text{ gills} \\ = 120 \\ = 130 \\ = 4\frac{2}{32} \text{ for duty.} \end{array} $
	No. 2.	36	× 4½	= 162 3.4 *5.508	0.P. 3.4
					$\frac{162}{168} = \frac{\text{galls.}}{5\frac{8}{32}} \text{ for duty.}$

AVOIRDUPOIS WEIGHT.

16 drachms make			1 ounce (oz.)	28 pounds	***		1 quarter ((qr.)
16 ounces ,,	***		1 pound (lb.)	4 qrs., or 112 lbs.	***	***		
14 pounds ,,		i.	1 stone (st.)	20 cwts	***	***	1 ton (t	ton.)

TROY WEIGHT.

	grains	=	1 dwt.	= 24	grains
20	dwts.	=	1 ounce	= 480	37
12	ounces	=	1 pound	=5760	4

These are the denominations of Troy weight where used for weighing gold, silver, and precious stones (except diamonds). But Troy weight is also used by apothecaries in compounding medicines, and by them the ounce is divided into 8 drams, and the dram into 3 scruples, so that the scruple is equal to 20 grains. For scientific purposes the grain only is used; and sets of weights are constructed in decimal progression, from 10,000 grains downward to 1-100th part of a grain.

The carat, used for weighing diamonds, is 3 grains and 1-6th. The term, however, when used to express the fineness of gold, has a relative meaning only. Every mass of alloyed gold is supposed to be divided into 24 square parts; thus the standard for coin is 22 carats fine, that is, it consists of 22 parts of pure gold, and 2 parts of alloy.

ALE, BEER, AND PORTER MEASURE.

4 gills	make	***	***	1 pint	2 firkins, or 18 gallons make	***	1 kild.
2 pints	*** 110	***		1 quart	2 kilderkins, or 36 gallons	***	1 bar.
4 quarts	***	***	***	1 gallon	3 kilderkins, or 54 gallons	***	1 hhd.
9 gallons		***	***	1 firkin	2 hogsheads, or 108 gallons	***	1 butt.
							*

WINE AND SPIRIT MEASURE.

			Africa and the second				
4 gills 2 pints	make	***	***	1 pint	84 gallons	make	1 puncheon
2 pints				1 quart	2 hhds., or 126 galls.	***	1 pipe or butt
4 quarts			***	1 gallon	4 hhds., or 252 galls.		1 tun
63 gallons		***		1 hhd.			

^{*} The fractional part being rejected in all cases when not exceeding, and charged when exceeding, one-half part.

MEASURE OF LENGTH.

12 inches 3 feet 5½ yards 40 poles 8 furlongs 69 miles 34½ yards	1 furlong	An inch is the smallest lineal measure to which a name is given, but subdivisions are used for many purposes. Among mechanics the inch is commonly divided into eighths. By the officers of the revenue, and by scientific persons, it is divided into tenths, hundredths, &c.

PARTICULAR MEASURES OF LENGTH.

A nail Quarter Yard Ell Hand Fathom Link Chain		2¼ inches 4 nails 4 quarters 5 quarters 4 inches 6 feet 7.92 inches 100 links	Used for measuring cloth of all kinds Used for height of horses. Used for measuring depths. Measure to facilitate computation of the content, 100 square chains being equal to an aere.
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GRAIN, FLOUR, AND BREAD.

A bushel of wheat weighs A bushel of beans A bushel of oats			1bs. 60 63	A bushel of barley A bushel of peas		 lbs. 47 64
A bushel of oats	***	***	40	A bushel of rye	***	 53

6 bushels of wheat yield of fine flour 280 lbs. 280 lbs. of flour (1 sack) make 400 lbs. of white bread. A man's average annual consumption of bread is 572 lbs.

. 17 6 '7			lbs.			The state of the s	bs.	oz.	dr.
	***	***	17	6	1	A half peck		11	
	***				8	A peck or stone of flour		0	
			56			1001100, 11 0010		0	
	***	***	196			A pack or load of flour	240	0	
5 bushels, or one sack		***	280	0	0	Potatoes, uncleaned, 120 lbs. to the cwt.			

SQUARE, OR LAND MEASURE.

1000				NA	OALLI,	OIL	THAND	MEASURE.			
	inches feet		ma	ke				4. 15	1 square foot		s. f.
		***	***			***	***		1 square yard		s. vd.
	feet	***							1 square of flo	oring	s. fl.
		***	***			***	***		1 rod of bricky	vork	r. b. w.
	yards							***	1 pole, rod, or	perch	
	poles		210 yards		. *				1 chain	111	ch.
40	potes,	OF 1	210 yards	100 1			***	***	1 rood		r.
640	roods,	or 1	0 chains,	or 160 pole	s, or 4840) yard	s		1 acre	***	a.
040	acres		***			***			1 mile		m

LAND is measured by Gunter's Chain, which is as follows:-

Length.—7.92 inches make 1 link; 12 inches, or 1.515 links make 1 foot; 36 inches, or 4.545 links, make 1 yard; 198 inches, or 25 links, make 1 pole or perch; 702 inches, or 100 links, or 66 feet, or 22 yards, or 4 poles, make 1 chain; 7920 inches, or 1000 links, or 10 chains, make 1 furlong; 63,360 inches, or 8000 links, or 80 chains, make 1 mile.

Square.—62.726 square inches, make 1 square link; 2.295 square links, make 1 square foot; 22.661 square links make 1 square yard; 625 square links make 1 square pole; 10,000 square links make 1 square chain; 25,000 square links, or 2.5 square chains, make 1 square rood; 100,000 square links, or 10 square chains make 1 square acre.

MEASURE OF CAPACITY

			OF OHE	AULLI.
4 gills	-	1 pint	=	343 cubic inches, nearly
2 pints	=	1 quart		691
4 quarts	= 3	1 gallon		2771
2 gallons	=	1 peck	-	5541
8 gallons	=	1 bushel		2218 & 1-5th ",
8 bushels	=	1 quarter	arma in	101 cubic feet, nearly
5 quarters	=	1 load	_	511