## CUBE, OR SOLID MEASURE

the factor of the			The same of the sa	or oversity	
1728 inches 27 feet			make		1 solid foot
40 feet rough,	or fifty feet of	hown timber	33	***	1 solid yard
42 feet			99	***	1 ton or load
1 yard of eart			33	***	1 ton of shipping
mi c		***	29	***	1 load

Thus, a Corp of wood is 4 feet broad 4 feet deep, and 8 feet long, being 118 cubic feet.—A small wood is 3 feet broad, 3 feet deep, and 12 feet long, being 108 cubic feet.

The dimensions of timber, stone, excavations, and all works which have length, breadth, and thickness aken by lineal measure; but the contents are calculated by cubic measure.

A Cube is a solid body, and contains length, breadth, and thickness. A cubic number is produced by multiplying the simple number twice into itself: thus, 343 is the cube number, being produced multiplying the number 7 twice into itself; as,  $7 + 7 \times 7 = 343$ .

## ANGULAR MEASURE, OR DIVISIONS OF THE CIRCLE.

60 seconds 60 minutes 30 degrees	= = =	1 minute 1 degree 1 sign	90 degrees 360 degrees or 12 signs	= =	1 quadrant 1 circumferen

60 seconds 60 minutes 24 hours 7 days 28 days	= = = = =	MEASURE  1 minute 1 hour 1 day 1 week 1 lunarmonth	OF TIME.  28, 29, 30, 31 days 12 calendar months 365 days 366 days	= = =	1 calendar mon 1 year 1 common year 1 leap year
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In 400 years, 97 are leap years, and 303 common

## WEIGHT OF ENGLISH COIN

Gold:	Sovereign	5	s. gr. 3\frac{1}{4}	Florin	dwts.	gr 6	6-11th
Bilver:	Double Sovereign Crown Half-Crown	10	02	Shilling	3	15 19	3-11th 7-11th 1-11th

## TO MEASURE UNSQUARED TIMBER.

In order to ascertain the contents, multiply the square of the quarter girth, or of ‡ of the men circumference, by the length. When the buyer is not allowed his choice of girth in taper trees, he may take the mean dimensions, either by girthing it in the middle for the mean girth, or by girthing it at the two ends, and taking half of their sum. If not, girth the tree in so many places as is thought necessary, then the sum of the several girths, divided by their number, will give a mean circumference, the fourth part of which being squared, and multiplied by the length, will give the sold contents.

The superficial feet in a board or plank is known by multiplying the length by the breadth. If the board be tapering, add the breadth of the two ends together, and take half their sum for the mean breadth.

The solid contents of squared timber are found by measuring the mean breadth by the mean thick ness, and the product again by the length. Or multiply the square of what is called the quarter girthin taches by the length in feet, and divide by 144, and you have the contents in feet.

Boughs, the quarter girth of which is less than 6 inches, and parts of the trunk less than 2 feeting circumference, are not reckoned as timber.

 $1\frac{1}{3}$  inch in every foot of quarter girth, or  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the girth, is allowed for bark, except of elm. 1 inch is the circumference of the tree, or whole girth, or one-twelfth of the quarter girth is the general fair average allowance.

The quarter girth is half the sum of the breadth and depth in the middle.

The nearest approach to truth in the measuring of timber, is to multiply the square of ; of the girls or circumference by double the length, and the product will be the contents.

GIVEN OF &c., CASES, OF CONTENTS FIND TO TABLE

99 + 1 = 99 galls.; then in a fractional quantity 77.11, which, 25.26 8.11.8 1 80 2.16 45 1010 112.16 115.16 117.16 22.16 23.16 25.16 25.16 25.16 25.16 25.16 25.16 25.16 25.17 2.6 6.18 8.19 113.4 113. 1.08 the whole gallons is 7.1; making the 1.18 8.4 8.2 9.12 9.12 9.12 10.30 10. RULE.—First find 170.10, also under 9 is e gallons, =  $176\frac{31}{31}$ . 30 1.28 3.2.26 3.2.26 3.2.27 3.27 20 1.28 3.4 3.24 3.24 4.12 3.24 4.13 5.20 6.28 8.24 7.16 1.17 1.17 1.16 1.17 1.16 1.17 1.16 1.17 1.16 1.17 1.16 1.17 1.16 1.17 1.1 galls. found whole 11.13 176 32 will be it to the cases spirits at 1 35 galls. = 1 in, and under the number 90 value 0.00 11.0 30 30 11.0 eolumi -T.S. 1.149. EXAMPLE.—7